Interdisciplinary Data Management: An Example from NSF's Dynamics of Coupled Natural and Human Systems Program

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with

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Ontology

- Webster's
 - "science of being, of the real nature of things"
- Antoniou and Van Harmelen (2004)
 - "tool for defining a shared conceptual schema"

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- "consist of a finite list of concepts"
- "relationship between these concepts"
- Janssen et al. (2009 Env Sci and Policy)
 - Shared concept, common understanding from different disciplines, relationship to other concepts

Our Project – the Players

- Maria Fernandez-Gimenez (Range Science)
 - 18 years social/ecological research in Mongolia
- Melinda Laituri (Watershed Science/NREL)
 - GIS expert focusing on physical/social interactions and the influence of boundaries
- Jessica Thompson (Human Dimensions)
 - Understanding the group dynamics of interdisciplinary problem solving
- Steven Fassnacht (Watershed Science)
 - Hydrology, climate change, hydrological modeling

Our Project – the Players (cont'd)

- Robin Reid (Center for Collaborative Conservation)
 - Ecology, working with herder groups in Africa
- Jay Angerer (Range Science, TAMU)
 - Remote sensing of ecological change
- Batbuyan Batjav (Institute of Geography, MN)
 Social/Ecological research on nomadic peoples
- Batkhishig Baival (CSU/Green Gold, MN)
- Various other collaborators / advisors

Our Project – History

- 5-day Workshop in Mongolia, June 2008
- > 100 Mongolian scientists, herders, policy makers, NGO representatives and donors
- role of CRNRM, improve herders' livelihoods, support sustainable use of Mongolian grasslands

Our Project – History (cont'd)

- 2 Workshops in Beijing (April 2009, March 2010)
 - Poverty, Vulnerability and Resilience in North Asian Rangelands: Case Studies of Communitybased Rangeland Management in China and Mongolia
- NSF CNH proposal (funded 2010)
 - Does Community-Based Rangeland Ecosystem Management Increase Coupled Systems' Resilience to Climate Change in Mongolia?

Data Requirements – Our Project

- Social Surveys
- Biological Sampling
- Hydro-climate Data

Physical Ecological

Social

Data Requirements – NSF

- investigators will share with other researchers, at no more than incremental cost and within a reasonable time, the primary data, samples, physical collections and other supporting materials created or gathered in the course of work under NSF grants
- Data Management Plans "will be determined by the community of interest through the process of peer review and program management."

Questions for the Conceptual Model

- What are the
 - Boundaries of the system
 - Ecological elements of the system
 - biological and physical components
 - System processes and modifiers
 - Key aspects of the system that change in response to these processes
 - Key processes that act as "drivers" of the system
 - Key ecosystem services and resources used by and of concern to people in the area

Example Conceptual Model #01













Establishing a Database

- What are our scales?
- What are our units of analysis?
- What commonality do we have?
- What is the nature of our data?
- What are the limitations?

Sampling



Questions?

